

# BUILDING BLOCKS OF A PHONE

# Quiz!



1. How many people in the world have a smartphone(s)?
  - a. 675,000
  - b. 5.9 million
  - c. 2.7 billion
  
2. What do, 75% (3 out of 4) of smartphone users do with their old mobile phone when they get a new one?
  - a. Put it away in a drawer
  - b. Recycle it
  - c. Throw it in the bin
  - d. Donate it



## Answers

There are over (c.) 2.7 billion smartphone users in the world! That means that 1 in three people have a mobile phone!

Most of them will probably get a new one at some point, but what will they do with the old one?

Around 75% of smartphone users will (a.) put it away in a drawer and forget about it!

# Learning Outcomes:



Find out what's inside our phones and why we choose the materials we do.

You will need to cut out a template, decorate your phone and finally stick it all together.

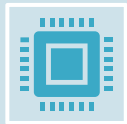
# What's inside your phone?



## The Mainboard



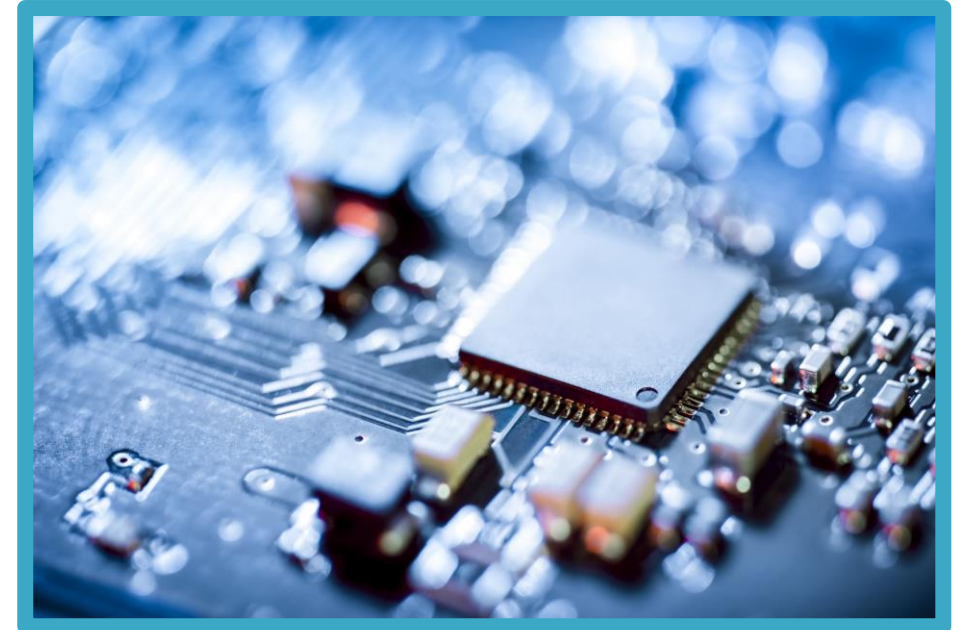
The brains of your smartphone!



Covered with computer chips, wires, and other tiny electronic bits-and-bobs which turn your phone into a handheld computer!



All other parts of the phone like the screen, camera and battery all connect to the mainboard.



# What's inside your phone?



## The Battery



The battery stores CHEMICAL energy which it can then release as ELECTRICAL energy to power your phone.



## The Camera



Not only is your phone great for calling and messaging friends and family it can also take photos and videos!

# What's inside your phone?



## The Frame and Screen



The frame keeps everything together and helps protect the fragile components inside.



The screen is the main way we interact with our mobile devices. It converts electricity to light.




# What's inside your phone?




Our phones contain many, many different materials. Each material was chosen for its specific properties which allow it to carry out its specific task.

1. MOVE a property to assign it to a material.
2. MOVE a component into the box of the material it might contain.
3. DISCUSS which properties of a material make it suitable for a particular component.


Metal



Glass



Plastic



Properties

Hard      Soft      Transparent

Stiff      Conductor      Flammable

Insulator      Bendy      Opaque


Component

Mainboard      Frame

Camera

Screen      Battery

Wood





# What's inside your phone?



## Metal



Hard  
Stiff  
Conductor  
Opaque

Camera  
Screen  
Mainboard  
Frame  
Battery

Metal is a great all-round material. It is **HARD** and **STIFF** making it a great material for structural components like the frame. It is also a **CONDUCTOR** so can be used in electronics to make wires, computer chips, connectors and is essential in batteries.

However, metal can be **HEAVY** and **EXPENSIVE** so we don't want to use too much of it in a handheld device.

## Glass



Transparent

Hard  
Stiff  
Insulator

Frame  
Camera  
Screen

Glass is very useful for making screens and lenses as it is **TRANSPARENT**. It is also very **HARD**, **STIFF** and can be attractive making it a good material to use in the frame of your phone.

However, glass can be **BRITTLE** and shatter or smash easily, and therefore can be dangerous when broken. Imagine dropping a phone made completely out of glass!

## Plastic



Hard  
Soft  
Bendy  
Stiff

Insulator  
Transparent  
Opaque  
Flammable

Mainboard  
Camera  
Frame  
Battery  
Screen

Plastic is a **CHEAP** and readily **AVAILABLE** material.

Depending on the process used to make it, it can take on any number of properties as can be seen above. All this makes it a great candidate for **INSULATING** electronics or adding strength and structure.

However, plastic takes thousands of years to decompose so we want to limit its use to protect our planet.

## Wood



Hard  
Flammable  
Opaque

Insulator  
Stiff

Wood has many desirable qualities for use in a phone.

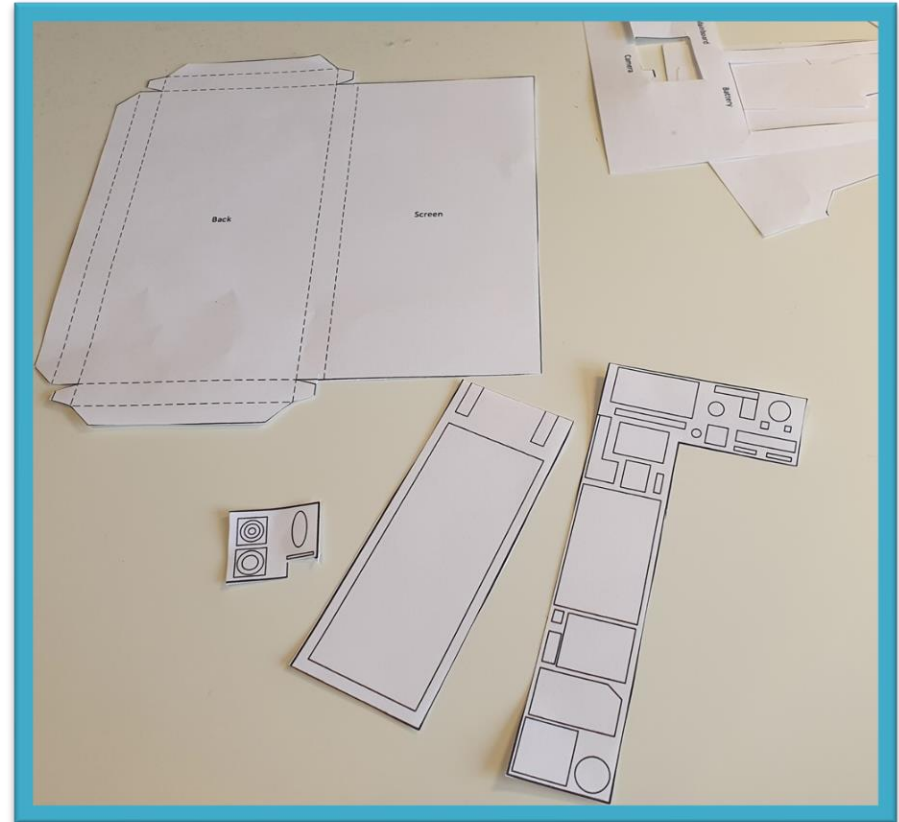
Unfortunately, wood can be difficult to turn into the shapes we require for our phones and isn't always very **DURABLE**.

Other materials such as plastic or metal can carry out the same functions better.

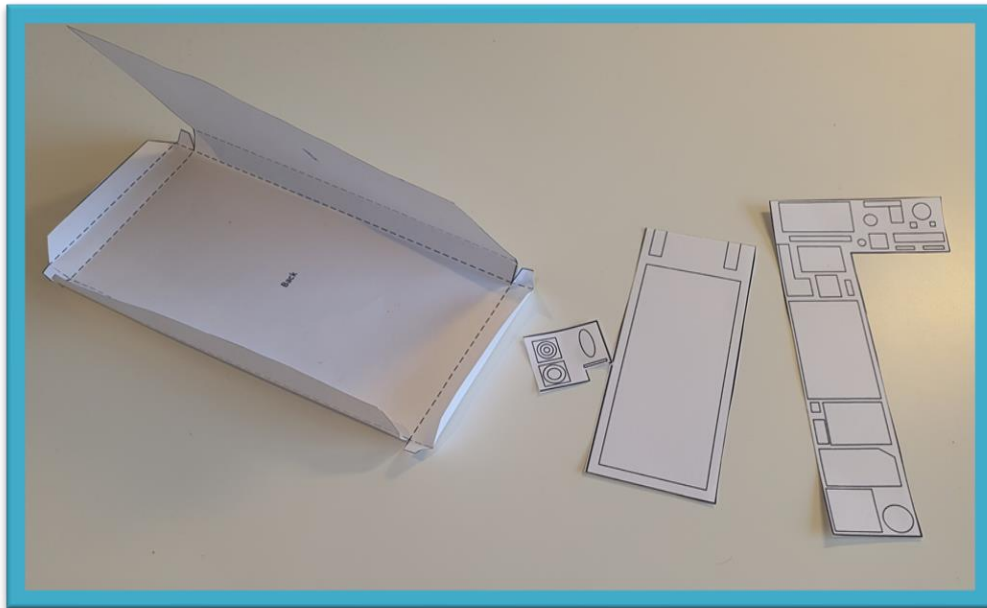
# Build your phone



1. Cut out the phone template, cutting along the black lines. Do **NOT** cut the dotted lines.
2. Cut out the components, cutting along the thicker black line. You might want to label the back so you don't forget which is which!



## Build your phone



3. Decorate your phone on the side that doesn't have writing or lines on it.

Think about what will have to be on the front of the phone, buttons, screen, camera?  
What about the back?

Design how your case will look. What type of patterns or pictures will be on it?

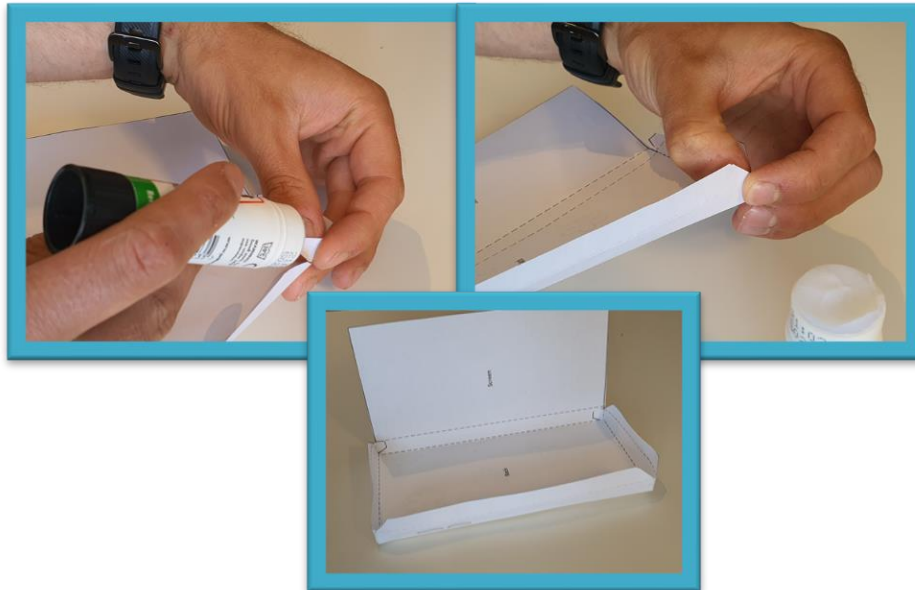
4. Make a fold along each of the dotted lines.

Make sure your decorations and designs are on the outside.

## Build your phone



5. To give the phone its shape you will need to apply glue to the outside (side with no lines) of the small folded tabs and press it against the side of the phone next to it to make a corner. Do **NOT** stick down the screen yet!



## Build your phone



6. Complete your phone by placing all the components inside.

How do you think they should be arranged?  
Do you think it matters?

